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REMARKS

Favorable reconsideration and allowance of the present application are

respectfully requested in view of the following remarks. Claims 1-15 were

pending prior to the Final Office Action. Claims 2 and 6 are cancelled and

claims 16-19 are added. Therefore, upon entry of this reply, claims 1, 3-5, and

7-19 will be pending. Claims 1 and 5 are independent.

NO NEW ISSUES

In this reply, claims 2 and 6 are cancelled and the features recited

therein are incorporated into independent claims 1 and 5, respectively. Thus,

no new issues are presented by the amended claims 1 and 5.

§ 103 REJECTION – HIGUCHI, CONVENTIONAL ART

Claims 1-15 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as allegedly being

unpatentable over Higuchi et al. (U.S. Patent 6,132,652) in view of the

conventional art (CA, as illustrated in Fig. 3 of the present disclosure). As noted

above, claims 2 and 6 are cancelled and the features therein are incorporated

into independent claims 1 and 5, respectively. Thus, Applicants will treat

claims 1, 3-5 and 7-15 as allegedly being unpatentable over Higuchi and CA.

Applicants respectfully traverse.

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First, the Examiner has not established that Fig. 3 qualifies as prior art.

It is improper for the Examiner to reject the claims based on any combination

of references that include the CA.

Also, claim 1 recites, in part, "wherein said at least one fastening

member extends through said core material portion into said stamper." The

Examiner alleges that the plate-shaped metal mold 1b as illustrated in Figs. 1

and 3 of Higuchi is equivalent to the stamper as recited in claim 1. However,

Higuchi merely shows the bolt attaching the holding member 1c to the common

use base portion 1a. Higuchi is silent regarding whether the bolt (allegedly

equivalent to the fastening member as recited) extends through the plate-

shaped metal mold 1b. In other words, Higuchi does not teach or suggest the

feature of "wherein said at least one fastening member extends through said

core material portion into said stamper."

The Examiner attempts to cure this deficiency by merely making a

statement that it is *prima facie* obvious that the bolts would be passed directly

into the metal mold 1b should that be desired. See Office Action, pages 2-3,

item 2. Since Higuchi does not teach or suggest this feature, the Examiner is

essentially taking Official Notice that incorporating such a feature is obvious.

Applicants respectfully challenge the Official Notice taken, and request that a

valid prior art reference be cited.

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Further, modifying Higuchi to incorporate the feature as suggested by

the Examiner would render Higuchi unsatisfactory for its intended purpose.

Higuchi clearly envisions the plate-shaped metal mold 1b as being

independently interchangeable from the common use base portion 1a. For

example, Higuchi states "when the other light guide plate for a surface light

source 4 which differs in the pattern of the light emitting surface 4a but is the

same in the entire dimensions is produced, the plate-shaped metal mold is

detached, and the other plate-shaped metal mold having a desired pattern is

attached to the common use base portion la." Emphasis added, see Higuchi,

column 6, lines 38-46.

If Higuchi is modified as suggested by the Examiner, then the

independent interchangeability of the plate-shaped metal mold 1b from the

common use base portion 1a would be destroyed. Because such modification

would render Higuchi unsatisfactory for its intended purpose, by definition,

there is no motivation to combine Higuchi with the CA.

Independent claim 5 recites, in part, "forming at least one fastener hole

through the core material portion and extending into the stamper electrotype."

As demonstrated above, it is clear that claim 5 is distinguishable over the

combination of Higuchi and the CA.

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Claims 3-4 and 7-15 depend from independent claims 1 and 5 directly or

indirectly. For at least due to the dependency thereon, these dependent claims

are also distinguishable over the combination of Higuchi and CA.

The dependent claims are also distinguishable on their own merit. For

example, claim 4 recites, in part, "wherein said stamper is between 6 and 12

mm thick." The Examiner alleges that Higuchi shows the plate-shaped metal

mold 1b being approximately as thick as the molded light guide 4 and that the

light guide has a thickness range between 1 and 8 mm. First, Higuchi is silent

regarding whether or not the plate-shaped metal mold 1b is similar in

thickness to the light guide 4 that is produced. The Examiner appears to be

relying on the relative visual dimensions of the components as illustrated in the

figures of Higuchi. But it is also noted that Higuchi gives no indication that the

drawings are drawn to scale. It is well established that, "patent drawings do not

define the precise proportions of the elements and may not be relied on to show

particular sizes if the specification is completely silent on the issue." Emphasis

added; see MPEP 2125. Thus, without more, the Examiner's reliance on the

figures of Higuchi is improper.

Also, Higuchi does disclose a method of producing the plate-shaped

metal mold 1b. Higuchi states, "a metal abundant in durability such as nickel

is deposited to a thickness of approximately 0.2 to 0.3 mm by electroforming on

the pattern surface of the original plate." Emphasis added, see Higuchi, column

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7, lines 47-50. This is nowhere near the scale of 6 to 12 mm as recited in the

claim. Clearly, claim 4 is distinguishable on its own merit over the combination

of Higuchi and CA.

Similarly, claim 8 recites, in part, "wherein the stamper electrolyte is

between 6 and 12 mm thick." It is abundantly clear that claim 8 is also

distinguishable on its own merit.

For at least the reasons stated above, Applicants respectfully request

that the rejection of claims 1-15 based on Higuchi and CA be withdrawn.

NEW CLAIMS

Claims 16-19 are added through this reply. All new claims are believed to

be distinguishable over the cited references, individually or in any combination

for at least due to their dependencies from independent claims 1 and 5.

Applicants respectfully request that the new claims be allowed.

CONCLUSION

All objections and rejections raised in the Final Office Action having been

addressed, it is respectfully submitted that the present application is in

condition for allowance. Should there be any outstanding matters that need to

be resolved, the Examiner is respectfully requested to contact Hyung Sohn (Reg.

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No. 44,346), to conduct an interview in an effort to expedite prosecution in connection with the present application.

If necessary, the Commissioner is hereby authorized in this, concurrent, and future replies, to charge payment or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 02-2448 for any additional fees required under 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.16 or 1.17; particularly, extension of time fees.

Dated: April 25, 2006

Respectfully submitted,

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EHC/HNS/gf 2658-0314P

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